



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

OAKLAND, CAL.

Date of last case of human plague: Sickened, July 17, 1908.

Date of last case of rodent plague: Trapped, December 1, 1908.

Week ended April 10, 1909.

Dead inspected.....	17
Plague.....	0
Premises inspected.....	1,302
Nuisances abated.....	145
Premises cleaned.....	431
Garbage cans installed.....	136
Rats found dead.....	49
Rats trapped.....	506
Mice trapped.....	42
Rats identified:	
Mus norvegicus.....	540
Mus musculus.....	42
Mus rattus.....	12
Mus alexandrinus.....	3
Total.....	597
Rats examined bacteriologically.....	552
Plague rats.....	0
Mice examined bacteriologically.....	42
Plague mice.....	0
Poisons placed.....	23,680

POINT RICHMOND, CAL.

Week ended April 10.

Premises inspected.....	490
Nuisances abated.....	35
Rats found dead.....	14
Rats trapped.....	31
Rats examined bacteriologically.....	31
Plague rats.....	0
Poisons placed.....	7,000

ALAMEDA COUNTY, CAL.

Week ended April 10.

Dead inspected.....	47
Plague.....	0

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY, CAL.

Week ended April 10.

Dead inspected.....	3
Plague.....	0

Reports from Los Angeles, Cal.—Examination of animals for plague infection—Summary for period September 24, 1908, to April 12, 1909.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Stimson, plague laboratory, reports, April 14:

Animals examined in the laboratory in this city from April 5 to 12, inclusive:

Ground squirrels.....	43
Gray rats.....	577
Black rats.....	11
White rats.....	1

None of these animals was found to be infected with plague.

The total number of animals examined at this laboratory from September 24, 1908, to April 12, 1909, is 13,922, grouped as follows:

Ground squirrels.....	4,722
Gray rats.....	8,288
Black rats.....	564
Gambel pocket rats.....	125
Mice.....	96
White rats.....	69
Rabbits.....	32
Gophers.....	23
Skunks.....	2
Wild rat (undetermined).....	1

Reports from Seattle, Wash.—Plague-prevention work—Inspection and fumigation of vessels discontinued—Summary of transactions, March 1 to 15.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Glover reports, April 12 and 14:

SEATTLE, WASH.

Date of finding of last plague rat, September 26, 1908.

Week ended April 10, 1909.

Rats received.....	813
Rats necropsied.....	802
Plague rats.....	0
Plague-infected rats to date.....	21

The fumigation and inspection of vessels was stopped on March 15, 1909. From March 1 to 15 there had been inspected 18 vessels: Fumigated, 8.

STATISTICAL REPORTS OF MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, STATES AND CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES—UNTABULATED.

CALIFORNIA—*Stockton*.—Month of March, 1909. Estimated population, 23,000. Total number of deaths, 28, including 3 from tuberculosis. Cases: Diphtheria, 2; scarlet fever, 1; and tuberculosis, 3.

FLORIDA.—Report from the State board of health of communicable diseases for the two weeks ended April 17, 1909, shows as follows: Diphtheria: Fernandina 3, Jacksonville 4, West Tampa 2, St. Augustine, Miami, and Ocala each 1 case. Malaria: Jacksonville 17, Tampa 11, and Bartow, Daytona, Gainesville, Lake Butler, Ozona, Tallahassee, Quincy, Plant City, and Sanford, each 1 case. Tuberculosis: Jacksonville 8, Tampa 4, Daytona and Ybor City each 2 cases; Dade City, Gainesville, White Springs, Miami, Milton, Ocala, Plant City, and Tallahassee, each 1 case. Enteric fever: Jacksonville 5, Fivay and Ocala each 1 case.

NEW YORK—*Buffalo*.—Month of March, 1909. Estimated population, 410,000. Total number of deaths, 479, including diphtheria 6, scarlet fever 18, enteric fever 2, whooping cough 1, and 47 from tuberculosis.